

AQA Qualifications

# AQA Level 2 Certificate FURTHER MATHEMATICS

Level 2 (8360)

Worksheet 11 Sequences Our specification is published on our website (<u>www.aqa.org.uk</u>). We will let centres know in writing about any changes to the specification. We will also publish changes on our website. The definitive version of our specification will always be the one on our website, this may differ from printed versions.

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# Question 1

A linea	r sequence starts									
		250	246	242	238					
Which t	term is the first to hav	e a nega	itive valu	ie?				(4 marks)		
Quest	ion 2									
Work o	ut the <i>n</i> th term of this	quadrati	c sequer	nce.						
		8	9	14	23	36		(4 marks)		
Questi	ion 3									
(a)	Show that the <i>n</i> th term of the quadratic sequence									
		4	10	18	28		is $n^2 + 3 n$	(3 marks)		
(b)	Hence, write down the $n$ th term of these quadratic sequences.									
(b) (i)		5	11	19	29			(1 mark)		
(b) (ii)		5	12	21	32			(1 mark)		



#### Question 4 (non calculator)

(a)	Write down the <i>n</i> th term of the linear sequence						
		4	7	10	13		(1 mark)
(b)	Hence, write down the <i>n</i> th term of the quadratic sequence.						
		16	49	100	169		(1 mark)
(c)	For the sequence in of the 2nd and 4th te	part 4(b), s erms	show tha	at the 30t	h term is	s equal to the product	(3 marks)

#### **Question 5**



This pattern of rectangles continues.

Show that the sequence of numbers formed by the areas of these rectangles has *n*th term

$$n^2 + 5n + 6$$
 (4 marks)

## **Question 6**

A linear sequence starts

a+b a+3b a+5b a+7b .....

The 5th and 8th terms have values 35 and 59.

(a)	Work out a and b.	(4 marks)

(b) Work out the *n*th term of the sequence. (2 marks)

## Question 7

A sequence has *n*th term 
$$\frac{3n+1}{n}$$

(a)	Show that the difference between the <i>n</i> th and $(n + 1)$ th terms is $\frac{1}{n(n + 1)}$	(3 marks)
(b)	Which are the first two consecutive terms with a difference less than 0.01?	(2 marks)
(c)	Write down the limiting value of the sequence as $n \rightarrow \infty$	(1 mark)

#### **Question 8**

A sequence has *n*th term  $\frac{5n+2}{2n}$ 

mark	(s)
1	mark

#### **Question 9**

Here is the sequence of odd numbers

3 5 7 9 .....

A quadratic sequence is formed by multiplying consecutive odd numbers in successive pairs.

1

3 15 35 63 .....

Work out the *n*th term of this sequence.

## Question 10

The *n*th term of a sequence is  $\frac{2n^2 - 1}{3n^2 + 2}$ 

(a) Show that the difference between the first two terms is  $\frac{3}{10}$  (3 marks)

(b) Write down the limiting value of the sequence as  $n \to \infty$  (1 mark)

(3 marks)